

Maximum rating 1000 A, high-stability, high-accuracy, wideband DC to 1.5 MHz/1.2 MHz, high-CMRR, high-performance fluxgate technology, pass-through type



Features

- ✓ 5 ppm linearity
- ✓ 5 ppm offset
- ✓ Voltage output
- ✓ CT coil structure for broadband and superior frequency characteristics
- ✓ Built-in plated shield for excellent noise resistance (high CMRR)
- ✓ Aperture $\phi 36\text{mm}$ for cables and bus-bars
- ✓ The Power Analyzer PW8001 automatically recognizes the current sensor's information (phase shift data, sensor model name, rated current, serial number) when connected.

Applications

- ✓ Automotive (e.g. xEV R&D and manufacturing)
- ✓ Renewable energy (power conditioner R&D and manufacturing)
- ✓ Efficiency measurement of high-efficiency energy converters
- ✓ Analysis of industrial inverter motors
- ✓ Calibration of shunt resistors
- ✓ Measurement of minute superimposed current in battery systems
- ✓ Industrial drones
- ✓ For feedback control in medical devices (MRI, CT, X-ray)

Specification highlights	Symbol	Unit	Min.	Typ.	Max.
Nominal primary DC current	$I_{PN\ DC}$	A	-1000		1000
Nominal primary AC current	$I_{PN\ AC}$	Arms			1000
Measurement range	I_{PM}	A	-1100		1100
Nominal output voltage	V_{out}	V	-2		2
Primary/secondary ratio	Ratio	V/A	0.002	0.002	0.002
Linearity error	ϵ_L	ppm		± 5	
Offset error	ϵ_O	ppm		± 5	
DC amplitude error	ϵ_G	ppm		± 10	
Bandwidth ($\pm 3\text{dB}$)	f	MHz		CT6876A: 1.5 CT6876A-1: 1.2	
Withstand voltage (1 mA, 50/60Hz for 1 minute)	U_d	kV			7.4
Power supply voltages	U_c	V	± 11.5		± 15
Operating temperature range	T_A	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	-40		85
Output cable length	L_{cable}	m		CT6876A: 3m CT6876A-1: 10m	

Electrical specifications at T_A = 23°C ±5°C, supply voltage (by using external PSU) = ±12 V unless otherwise stated

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Comment
Nominal primary DC current	I _{PN DC}	A	-1000		1000	Refer to "Figure 1. Frequency derating"
Nominal primary AC current	I _{PN AC}	Arms			1000	Refer to "Figure 1. Frequency derating"
Measurement range	I _{PM}	A	-1100		1100	Refer to "Figure 1. Frequency derating"
Maximum input current	I _{MAX}	Apeak	-1800		1800	Not exceeding derating curve shown in Figure 1 However, it is allowable for up to 20 ms at 40°C or less
Nominal output voltage	V _{out}	V	-2		2	
Primary/secondary ratio	Ratio	V/A	0.002	0.002	0.002	
Bandwidth (-3dB) CT6875A CT6875A-1	f	MHz		1.5 1.2		Refer to "Figure 2. Frequency characteristics"
Output resistance			40	50	60	
Linearity error	ε _L	ppm		±5		Refer to "Figure 3. Linearity error characteristics"
Offset error	ε _O	ppm		±5		
DC amplitude error	ε _G	ppm		±10		
AC amplitude error 10 Hz - 100 Hz 100 Hz - 1 kHz 1 kHz - 10 kHz 10 kHz - 100 kHz 100 kHz - 300 kHz 300 kHz - 1 MHz	ε _G	%		±0.005 ±0.03 ±0.2 ±1 ±3 ±15		
Output noise	noise	μVrms			300	Measurement bandwidth: DC to 1 MHz
Effects of temperature Amplitude sensitivity Offset voltage		ppm of reading/°C ppm of full scale/°C	-20 -1		20 1	Within the range of -40°C to 0°C or 40°C to 85°C
Effects of magnetization		mA			20	Input equivalent, after 500 A DC is inputted
Common mode rejection ratio 50/60 Hz 100 kHz	CMRR	dB	140 120			(Effect on output voltage/common-mode voltage) Refer to "Figure 4. CMRR characteristics"
Effects of conductor position DC 50/60 Hz 10 kHz 100 kHz		% of reading	-0.01 -0.01 -0.5 -3		0.01 0.01 0.5 3	When wire of outer diameter 10 mm is used
Effects of external magnetic field		mA			40 40	Input equivalent, under a magnetic field of 400 A/m, DC Input equivalent, under a magnetic field of 400 A/m, 60 Hz
Effects of radiated radio-frequency electromagnetic field		% of full scale			0.5	10 V/m
Effects of conducted radio-frequency electromagnetic field		% of full scale			0.2	10 V
Fluxgate excitation frequency	f _{Exc}	kHz		10.4		
Power supply voltages	U _c	V	±11.5		±15	
Positive current consumption	I _{PS}	mA			450	DC + 1000 A with ±12V
Negative current consumption	I _{NS}	mA			-450	DC - 1000 A with ±12V

Isolation specifications

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Rated insulation RMS voltage, basic insulation	V	1000	IEC 61010-1 conditions • over voltage CAT III • pollution degree 2
Rated insulation RMS voltage, reinforced insulation	V	1000	
RMS voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1minute	kV	7.4	Between primary and secondary (and shield) Sensed current: 1 mA
Clearance	mm	23.2	Shortest distance through air
Creepage distance	mm	23.2	Shortest path along device body
Comparative tracking index (CTI)	V	< 250	Performance level category (PLC) = 3
Standards			Safety: EN 61010 EMC: EN 61326

Environmental and mechanical characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Comment
Operating environment (altitude)		m			2000	Indoor use, pollution degree 2
Ambient operating temperature range	T _A	°C	-40		85	
Ambient storage temperature range	T _{Ast}	°C	-40		85	
Relative humidity	RH	%			80	Non-condensing
Measurable conductor diameter	D _{meas}	mm			36	
Dimensions	W	mm		160		Refer to "Figure 5. Dimensions"
	H			112		
	D			50		
Output cable length	L _{cable}	m		3		
CT6876A-1				10		
Mounting hole diameter	D _{mout}	mm		φ 5.2		M5 screw, recommended tightening torque: 1.5 Nm to 2.0 Nm
Weight	m	g		970		
CT6876A-1				1300		

Measurement accuracy (total accuracy including uncertainty in calibration system etc.)

Electrical specifications at T_A = 0°C to 40°C, supply voltage (by using external PSU) = ±12 V unless otherwise stated

Frequency [Hz]	Amplitude		Phase [°]
	[±% of reading]	[±% of full scale]	
DC	0.04	0.008	–
DC < f < 16	0.1	0.02	0.1
16 ≤ f < 45	0.05	0.01	0.1
45 ≤ f ≤ 66	0.04	0.008	0.08
66 < f ≤ 100	0.05	0.01	0.1
100 < f ≤ 500	0.1	0.02	0.2
500 < f ≤ 1 k	0.2	0.02	0.4
1 k < f ≤ 5 k	0.5	0.02	0.5
5 k < f ≤ 10 k	0.5	0.02	0.1 x f
10 k < f ≤ 50 k	2	0.05	0.1 x f
50 k < f ≤ 100 k	3	0.05	0.1 x f
100 k < f ≤ 1 M	0.03 x f	0.05	0.1 x f
Frequency range	1.5 MHz/1.2 MHz (CT6876A-1) (±3 dB typical)		–

- The variable f in accuracy equations is expressed in kHz.
- Accuracy of amplitude and phase is specified with 110% of full scale input or less and not exceeding derating curve in Figure 1. Accuracy in range of DC < f < 10 Hz are design value.
- Add ±0.01% of reading to amplitude accuracy when input is 100% of full scale to 110% of full scale.
- For the CT6876A-1, add the following values to accuracy in the range of 1 kHz < f ≤ 1 MHz.
Amplitude accuracy: ±(0.005 × f [kHz])% of reading
Phase accuracy: ±(0.015 × f [kHz])°

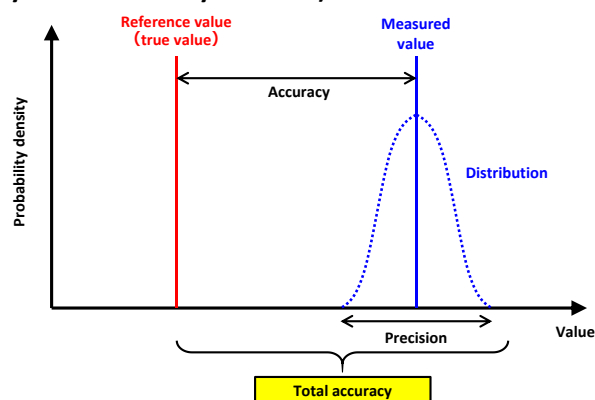
Definition of on accuracy (total accuracy including uncertainty in calibration system etc.)

Reading (displayed value) error: Indicates the value displayed by the instrument. Limit values for reading errors are expressed as a percentage of the reading (“% of reading” or “% rdg.”).

Range error: Indicates the instrument’s range. Limit values for range errors are expressed as a percentage of the range (“% of range”).

Full scale (rated current) error: Indicates the rated current. Limit values for full-scale errors are expressed as a percentage of full scale (“% of full scale” or “% f.s.”).





Calibration: The accuracy of HIOKI products includes all factors that affect the measurement results, such as calibration system errors, ambient temperature, and secular change, as "uncertainty".



HIOKI is accredited as an official ISO/IEC 17025 calibrator.

Specific accuracy calculation example

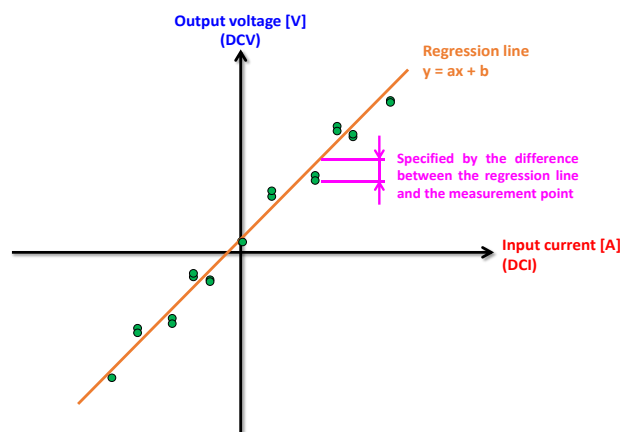
How to measure the current of **DC 800 A** of a conductor with a diameter of ϕ 30 mm or less with high accuracy.
Guaranteed specifications at $T_A = 23^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$

Measuring instrument configuration	CT6876A, CT6876A-1	CT9555	L9217 + 9704	DM7276
External view				
Range (connection)	1000 A (2 V)	Front OUTPUT terminal (BNC terminal)	✓	10 V
Output voltage	$800 \text{ A} \times 2 \text{ V} / 1000 \text{ A} = 1.6 \text{ V}$			—
Error (reading)	0.04%	—	—	0.0009%
Error (full scale)	0.008%	—	—	12 μV
Total error	$1.6 \text{ V} \times (0.04 + 0.0009)\% + 2 \text{ V} \times 0.008\% + (12 \mu\text{V} \times 10^{-6}) \text{ V} = 0.0008264 \text{ V}$			
Total error (input equivalent)	$0.0008264 \text{ V} / 2 \text{ V} \times 1000 \text{ A} = 0.4132 \text{ A}$			
Error range	$800 \text{ A} \pm 0.4132 \text{ A} \Rightarrow 799.5868 \text{ A to } 800.4132 \text{ A}$			

Definition of linearity error

Linearity error ϵ_L : Indicates that the output (current or voltage) changes linearly in response to the input current.

A regression line is attained by measuring the output voltage in the sequence below in 200 A intervals:
+1000 A \rightarrow 0 A \rightarrow -1000 A \rightarrow 0 A \rightarrow +1000 A
It is defined as the difference between the regression line calculated from the above measurements and the measurement points.



Definition of offset error

Offset error ϵ_O : Specified by the ratio of the average value (μ) of the measured values of the offset voltage and the rated current (I_{max}) of each current sensor.

$$\epsilon_O = \mu / I_{max} \text{ [ppm]}$$

Definition of amplitude error

Amplitude error ϵ_G : An index showing the degree of flatness of the frequency characteristics of gain.

DC error is defined as “linearity error + offset error.”

AC error is defined as deviation from the 55 Hz measurement point.

$$\epsilon_{G \text{ DC}} = \epsilon_L + \epsilon_O \text{ [ppm]}$$

$$\epsilon_{G \text{ AC}} = \frac{\text{Gain}(f) - \text{Gain}(55 \text{ Hz})}{\text{Gain}(55 \text{ Hz})} \times 100 \text{ [%]}$$

Figure 1. Frequency derating

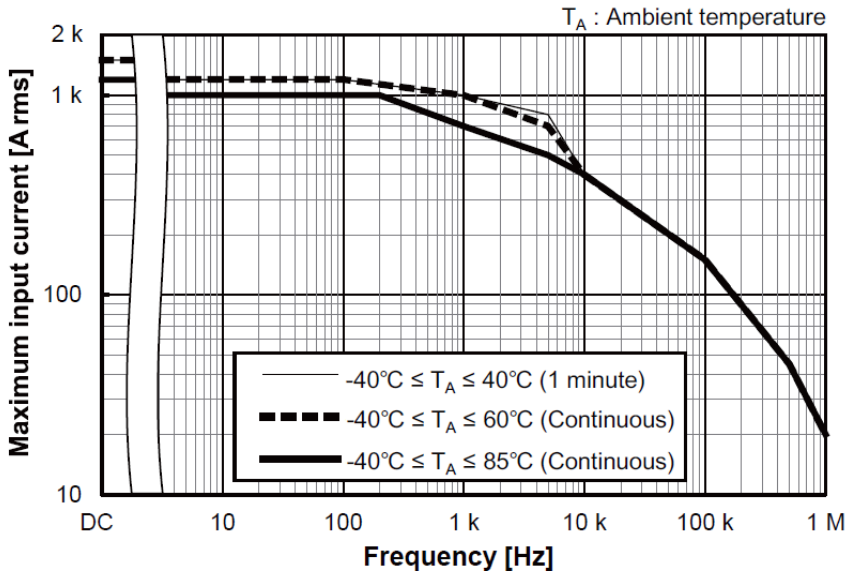
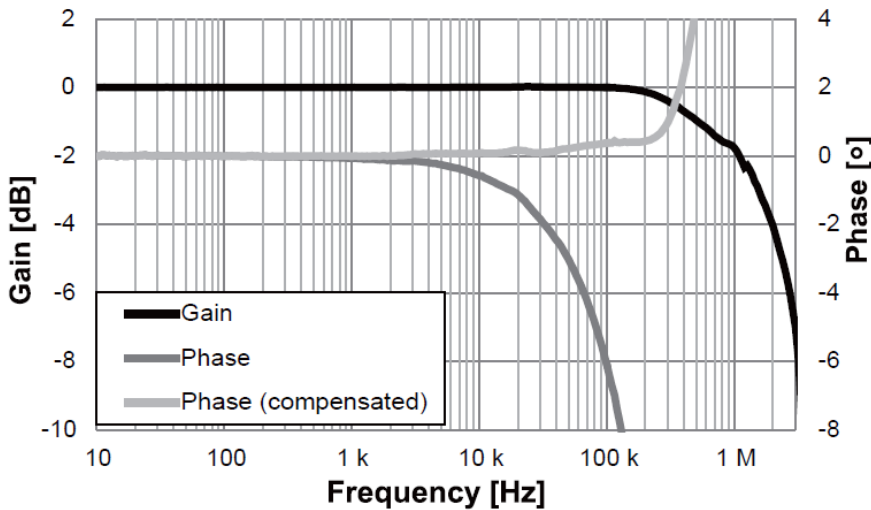


Figure 2. Frequency characteristics



Phase Compensation Values

Enter the following values (representative values) when performing phase compensation on the PW6001 or PW3390. When connecting to the PW8001, it will be set automatically.

CT6876A: 200 kHz, -12.96°
CT6876A-1: 200 kHz, -14.34°

Figure 3. Linearity error characteristics

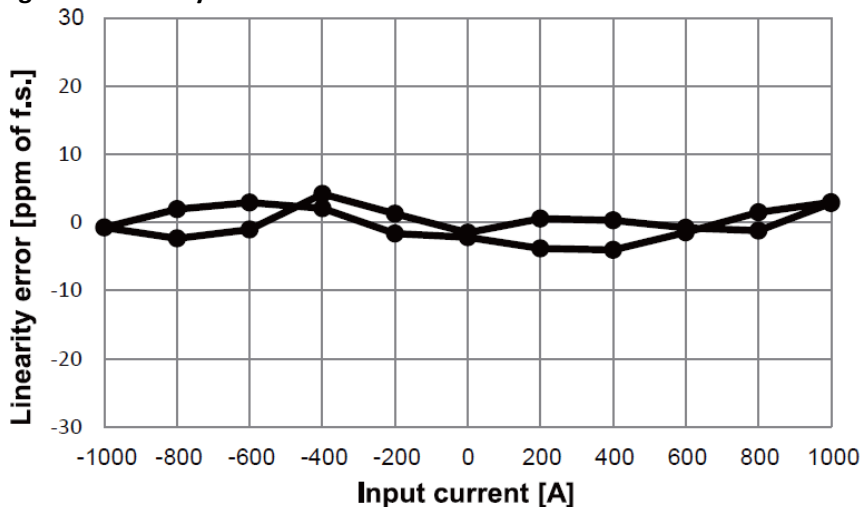


Figure 4. CMRR characteristics

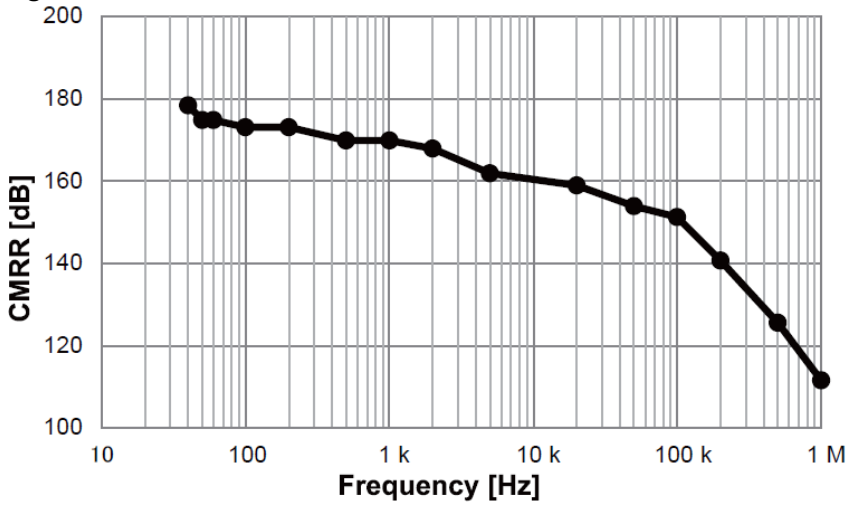


Figure 5. Dimensions

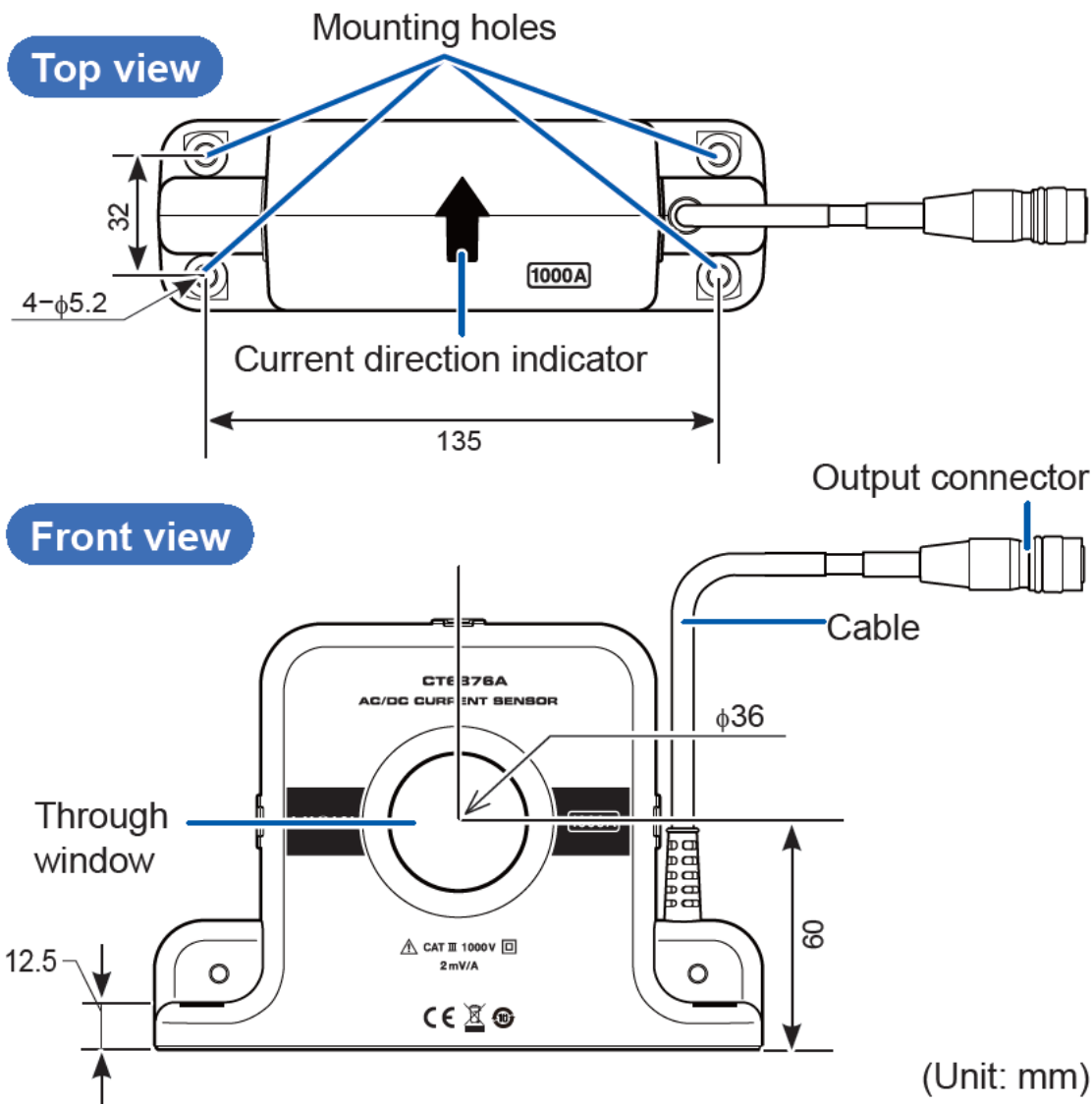


Figure 6. Pin assignment (when not using the sensor units CT9555, CT9556, or CT9557)

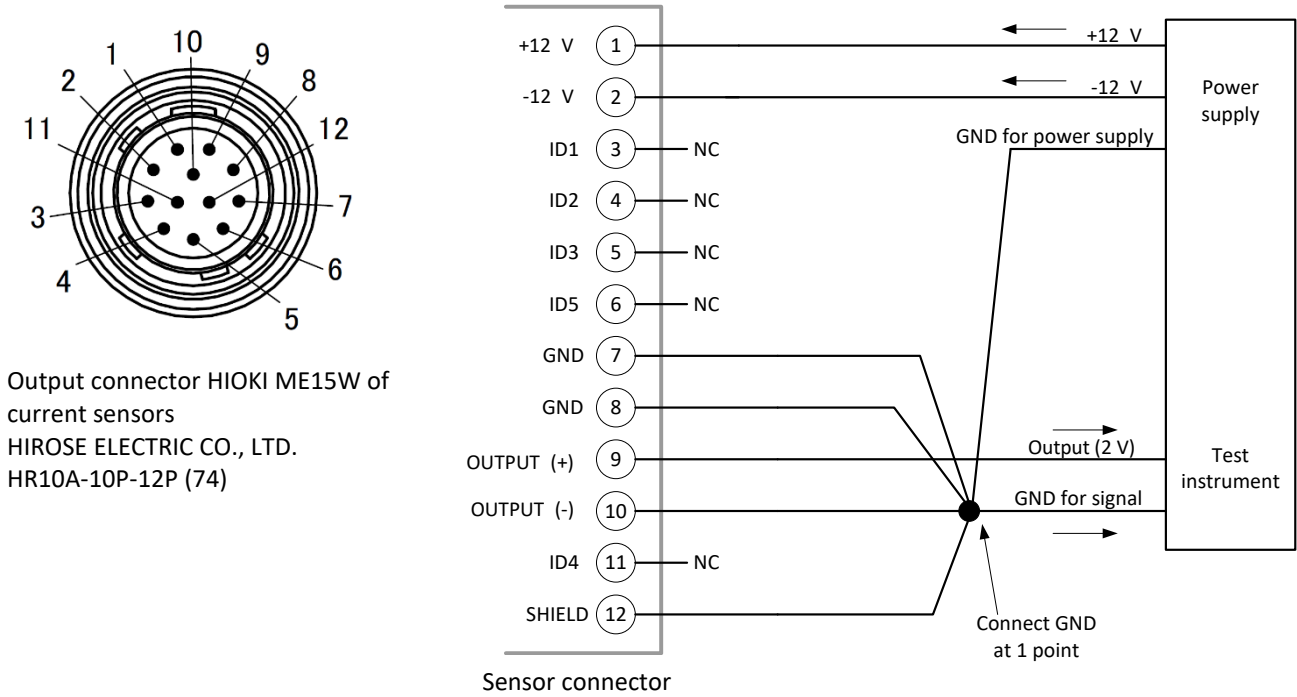


Figure 7. Options and main combination

Directly wired

External power supply + connection cord

CT9555, CT9556
Connects one sensor

CT9557*
Connects four sensors.

L9217 9165
Isolated BNC metallic BNC
Connects CT9555, CT9556 or CT6557 and instrument.

Conversion cable

CT9901
Converts ME15W terminal to PL23 terminal

8971+9318
The 9318 comes with the 8971

In addition to serving as a four-channel power supply, the CT9557 can also output a single waveform from an aggregate of input waveforms.

CT9904 CONNECTION CABLE
ME15W (12 pin) - ME15W (12 pin) terminal
The CT9904 is the cable for the CT9557 addition output and POWER ANALYZER PW8001/PW6001/PW3390 connection.

CT9902 EXTENSION CABLE
ME15W (12 pin) - ME15W (12 pin) terminal
The CT9902 can be used to extend a current sensor's cable by 5 m. Up two of these cables can be used for a maximum extension of 10 m. *When using the CT9902, an addition must be made to accuracy. For details, refer the sensor's instruction manual.

ME15W	BNC	BNC	BNC	PL23
PW8001	PW3335-03	U8975	MR8870	8971+9318
PW6001	PW3335-04	U8976	MR8880	
PW3390	PW3336	U8978	MR8875 + MR8901	
U8977	PW3337	8966		

Links

1. Web site

[AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR CT6876A | HIOKI](#)

2. Accuracy calculation tools

[POWER ANALYZER PW8001 & CT](#)[POWER ANALYZER PW6001 & CT](#)[POWER ANALYZER PW3390 & CT](#)

Files and information such as the Power Analyzer accuracy calculation tools are updated regularly.

Instead of downloading them once and using them for a long time, download them from the download link just before using them.